

Personal Social and Health Education (PSHE) Relationship Education Ethics



Approved by:	Headteacher	Date: September 2024
Last reviewed on:	September 2024	
Next review due by:	September 2025	

Context

All schools both in the state and independent sector, must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

This policy meets the requirements that schools publish a Relationships and Sex Education policy and does this within the wider context of Personal, Social and Health Education.

PSHE

At Hale Prep School, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

The Jigsaw Programme offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area.

The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects evaluated under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children.

Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools."

DfE Guidance p.8

"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives positively."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society."

Secretary of State Foreword DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons."

DfE Guidance p.8

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE."

DfE Guidance p.11

Here, at Hale Prep School we value PSHE as one way to support children's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to children's needs.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up-to-date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

What do we teach when and who teaches it?

Whole-school approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.
Autumn 2:	Respecting Difference	Includes anti-bullying
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Puberty Education in the context of coping positively with change

At Hale Prep School we allocate 40 minutes to PSHE each week to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways: Assemblies and collective worship, praise and reward system, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community.

Class teachers deliver the weekly lessons to their classes.

Relationships Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on relationship education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful relationships', 'Online relationships', and 'Being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced throughout the year and across the curriculum.

Health Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental well-being', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', and the 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the Calm Me time and social skills are developed in every lesson.

Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit).

Again, the mapping document transparently shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

At Hale Prep School, we believe children should understand the facts about human reproduction before they leave primary school so we teach this in Year 5 in science lessons. We also teach about changing bodies, parents receive a letter explaining this before the lessons. For many years now, girls and boys will be taught this content separately. There is no right to withdraw from any sex education as part of the planned science curriculum.

At Hale Prep School, puberty and reproduction is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw PSHE Programme in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle (unit). We will inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e. the Jigsaw Changing Me Puzzle (unit). The three specific ones are as follows:

Year 4, Lesson 2 (Having a baby)

Year 5, Lesson 4 (Conception)

Year 6, Lesson 3 (Conception, birth)

Parents will be emailed a Power point presentation to view, before making a decision.

Where a parent wishes to withdraw a child, they must speak to their form teacher or send and email. The headteacher will be informed and a response will be provided to the parents.

Monitoring and Review

The headteacher monitors this policy on an annual basis and reports its findings and recommendations to the directors, as necessary, if the policy needs modification. The Headteacher gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme and makes a record of all such comments. The directors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are according to the school's ethos.

This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan.

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect.

At Hale Prep School we promote respect for all and value every individual child. We also respect the right of our children, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise. We are not obliged legally to discuss the LGBT+ agenda and have taken the decision not to do so. We believe that for our school, the agenda is adequately addressed by encouraging and teaching the children to be respectful of every individual regardless of who, or what they are.

Policy Review

This policy is reviewed annually:

	Signed Headteacher	Director
Date of review:	M	
September 2024	Mrs Vay vo.	
Date of next review:		
September 2025		



Relationships Education in Primary Schools (Appendix) - DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and adults. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw -11 Programme.

The guidance states that by the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the
		solution
Families	R1 that families are important for children growing up because they	All of these aspects are covered
and people	can give love, security and stability.	in lessons within the Puzzles
who care	R2 the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each	
for me	other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children	 Relationships
	and other family members, and the importance of spending time	 Changing Me
	together and sharing each other's lives.	 Respecting Difference
		Being Me in My World

- R3 that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.
- R4 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.
- R5 that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite-sex and same-sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same-sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious).
- R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed

Caring friendships

- R7 how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure,
 and how people choose and make friends
- R8 The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Being Me in My World
- Respecting Difference
- Relationships

	 R9 that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded R10 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right R11 how to recognise whom to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, manage conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help and advice from others if needed 	
Respectful relationships	 R12 the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs R13 practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships R14 The conventions of courtesy and manners R15 the importance of self-respect and how this links to their happiness R16 that in school and wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn, they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Being Me in My World • Respecting Difference • Dreams and Goals • Healthy Me • Relationships • Changing Me

	 R17 about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help R18 What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive R19 the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults 	
Online relationships	 R20 that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not. R21 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to faceto-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous. R22 the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them. R23 how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. R24 how information and data are shared and used online. 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Relationships • Changing Me • Respecting Difference
Being safe	 R25 what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles Relationships Changing Me

- R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
- R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.
- R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
- R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,
- R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.
- R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.

• Respecting Difference

Physical health and mental well-being education. DfE Guidance

The focus in school will be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental well-being. Teachers will be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of Y6:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Mental wellbeing	 H1 that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles
	 happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience about different experiences and situations. H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. H5 The benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness. 	 Healthy Me Relationships Changing Me Respecting Difference

	 H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and children need to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support. H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being. H9 Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online). H10 It is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough. 	
Internet safety and harms	H11 that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles
ara narros	 H12 about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and other's mental and physical well-being. 	 Relationships Healthy Me

	 H13 how to consider the effect of their online actions on others how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private. H14 Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age-restricted. H15 that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can hurt mental health. H16 how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted. H17 where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online. 	
Physical health and fitness	 H18 the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle. H19 the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise. H20 the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity). 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Healthy Me

	H21 how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.	
Healthy eating	 H22 What constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content). H23 the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals. H24 the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health). 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Healthy Me
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	 H25 the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Healthy Me
Health and prevention	 H26 how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body. H27 about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer. H28 the importance of sufficiently good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn. 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Healthy Me

	 H29 about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist. H30 about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, and viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing. H31 The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination 	
Basic first aid	 H32 how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary. H33 concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries. 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Healthy Me
Changing adolescent body	 H34 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes. H35 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle. 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Changing Me • Healthy Me

End of Guidance Appendix